Rebuild Houston Implementation Discussion Guide

December 22, 2010

Rebuild Houston: Street and DrainageWhat is Rebuild Houston?

- Our ongoing effort to put in place a strong infrastructure that will meet the needs of our growing City.
- Phase I was last spring's overhaul and commitment to reinvest in the water and sewer system.
- Phase II will be the process we are beginning right now, the implementation of Proposition 1.

When our work is done, we will have secured the infrastructure future of Houston for decades to come. The risk of flooding will have been reduced and our streets will be safer for the driving public.

- On November 2, 2010, Houston voters passed Proposition 1
- Now, we have to implement what the voters approved
- Because this is so important, the implementation will be handled by a committee of the whole with every Council Member participating and the Mayor serving as chair.

Rebuild Houston: Street and DrainageStarting Point: Charter Amendment Requirements

Creation and Purpose

- Create a dedicated pay-as-you-go fund for improving and maintaining Streets and Drainage
- Implementation by July 1, 2011

Funding Sources

- Developer Impact Fees
- > 11.8¢ of Ad Valorem Property Tax (maintains current levels)
- ➤ Remittances from Metro, TxDot and other governmental sources
- Drainage Fee required to collect \$125m annually as a minimum

Lock Box Feature

> All funds will be used only for the purpose of building and maintaining the street and drainage "system"

Starting Point: Mayor's Statement of Principles October 2010

Fairness Doctrine

- Only properties receiving drainage services will pay drainage fees
- > Properties exempt from a drainage fee will be only those required to be exempt by State Law
- ➤ No one sector subsidizing another (residential/commercial/industrial/other)
- ➤ All properties will be charged on the basis of their amount of impervious area

Starting Point: Mayor's Statement of Principles October 2010

Calculation of Drainage Fee - Example

- > Residential curb and gutter street
 - > Typical lot size: 5,000 sq. ft.
 - > Typical house ground floor/garage/driveway: 1,900 sq. ft.
 - \rightarrow Monthly fee: $(1,900 \times \$.032)/12 = \5.07

> Open ditch street

- > Typical lot size: 5,000 sq. ft.
- > Typical house ground floor/garage/driveway: 1,900 sq. ft.
- \rightarrow Monthly fee: $(1,900 \times \$.026)/12 = \4.12

> Commercial/Industrial properties

> Fee calculated to be \$.032/sq. ft./ x "hard areas"

Starting Point: Mayor's Statement of Principles October 2010

- Verification/Appeals process will be developed
 - Rates capped for 10 years
- Property owner assessments (petition process) for street improvements will be eliminated (including any past projects)

Starting Point: Mayor's Statement of Principles October 2010

Project Priorities

- Current 5 year CIP will be used. New projects will be added when the comprehensive street and drainage needs re-assessment is complete
- Needs assessment for streets will be based on technical evaluation and pavement condition report
- Preparation of needs assessment for drainage based on technical calculation using 1999 Comprehensive
 Drainage Plan and an updated Storm Water Enhanced
 Evaluation Tool (SWEET) currently under development

Starting Point: Mayor's Statement of Principles
October 2010

Oversight

- The Mayor and Council will appoint an oversight committee, including stakeholders with significant experience in construction, engineering, finance, etc.
- Appointees will not be city employees
- Appointees will not be drawn from contractors, engineers or firms participating in the street and drainage program

Starting Point: Mayor's Statement of Principles October 2010

- Local Small Business Participation and Community Involvement
 - City's S/MWDBE program will be fully enforced
 - ➤ Hire Houston First program will seek to use local vendors and contractors when possible
 - Mentoring program similar to Greater Houston Wastewater Program in the 1990s
 - ➤ Job training/apprenticeship/internship program in partnership with educational, business, non-profit and labor organizations will be developed and implemented

Rebuild Houston: Street and DrainageState of Texas Drainage Fees

- Eight of the ten largest Texas Cities have drainage fees, with Corpus Christi and Amarillo not currently having fees
 - > Houston
 - > Dallas
 - > San Antonio
 - > Austin
 - > El Paso
 - > Fort Worth
 - > Lubbock
 - > Abilene
- For cities with a fee, only Austin and Lubbock exempt schools. El Paso has a 10% discount for schools.
- None of the eight exempt churches

State of Texas - Legal Requirements

- Local Government Code 552 specifies a prescriptive process and content for creating a drainage fee
 - ➤ Public notice required and 30 days later a public hearing prior to council vote on the ordinance
 - ➤ Required to separate the process of creating the ordinance from that of establishing the fee with same prescriptive process as the ordinance
 - Law will require drainage fee exception for institutions of higher learning and state owned property per 580.003
 - Law permissively allows some exemptions. City, County, school districts and religious organizations that are exempt from taxation pursuant to Section 11.20, Tax Code, are listed.
- Local Government code 395 specifies a prescriptive process for establishing and defining a drainage impact fee

Major Implementation Tasks (Present to July 2011)

- •ALL ARE INITIATED AND ON-GOING
- •ALL PROCEED SIMULTANEOUSLY
- Engage and seek input from the public
- Develop/consider/enact utility ordinance and rates
- Develop billing and collection capability
- Plan for financial transition
- Plan for future infrastructure renewal
- Create participation/mentoring program
- Ensure proper public oversight

Timeline: Engage and Seek Input From the Public

Key StepsTarget

Report on implementation plan	Dec 22
Develop and launch drainage utility website	January
Report on possible ordinance and rates at CIP meetings	Jan/February
Conduct required public hearings	March/April

> Add projects and schedule info link to the utility website Apri

- ➤ Identifying and engaging stakeholders need input from council, public and others
- Monitoring legislative impacts

Timeline: Develop/Consider/Enact Utility Ordinance and Rates

Key Steps	Target
Prepare draft implementation ordinance	January
Review draft ordinance with Council	February
Publish public notice of hearing on proposed ordinance	
per State law	February
Receive input through CIP meetings	February
Conduct public hearing on ordinance per State	
law (30 days after notice)	March/April
Council vote on ordinance	March/April
Publish public notice of hearing on drainage fee	
rate per state law	March/April
Conduct public hearing on drainage fee rate (30 days after notice)	March/April
Council vote on fee rate	March/April

- ➤ Data requirements/resource needs/state law requirement
- > Definitions of impervious surface/low impact development considerations
- > Assessments by property sector/exemption impacts
- Individual property verification and appeals process

Timeline: Develop Billing and Collection Capability

Key Steps

- Develop drainage billing data base
- Develop billing mechanism to use
- Verify all account data
- Create verification appeals process

Key Issues

- What billing mechanism to use?
- Data availability

Target

January

March/April

May/June

May/June

Timeline: Plan for Financial Transition

•	Key Steps	Target
	Initiate impact fee study per State requirement	January
	Develop fund structure	January
	Refine forecasts for existing debt financing	March
	of on-going programs	
	Input to FY12 operating budget	March
	Establish segregation of funds and refine estimates	April
	Plan for debt conclusion	April

- > Establish basic accounting requirements
- Define process for dealing with Clear Lake Water Authority/In-City MUDs

Timeline: Plan for Future Infrastructure Renewal

•		Key Steps	Target
	>	Refine/revise capital improvement planning and	February
		programming methodology	
	>	Implement new methodology for future CIP process	
		"worst first"	April
	>	Complete initial pavement condition assessment	June
	>	Continue development of SWEET	June
	>	Present city-wide needs assessments through a	
		20 year horizon	July
	>	Ensure coordination/collaborative with Harris County	
		Flood Control District	Jan/July

- > Timeline of revenue forecast for capital improvements
- Formation of the capital improvement plan for long term

Timeline: Create Participation/Mentoring Program

- ➤ Investment plan/CIP will meet all of the City's SMWBE requirements
- ➤ Plan to prototype mentoring program similar to Greater Houston Wastewater Program in the 1990s
- Also plan to prototype job training/apprenticeship/ internship program in partnership with educational, business, non-profit and labor organizations

Rebuild Houston: Street and Drainage Ensure Proper Public Oversight

Key Steps

- ➤ Mayoral Committee of the whole reports (December 22/end Jan/mid February/early March)
- Create Advisory Council
- > Town Hall meetings in February
- Public hearings in March

- ➤ Skill sets needed on Advisory Council and input from Council/Stakeholders
- > Explanation of program issues at Town Hall meetings
- Detail City Council schedule in March

Rebuild Houston: Street and DrainageSummary of Key Near Term Dates

January 2011

- Develop & launch drainage utility web site
- Prepare draft ordinance and proposed rates
- Develop drainage billing database
- Develop fund structure

February 2011

- ➤ Report on ordinance and rates at town hall/CIP meetings
- > Publish public notice of ordinance
- Refine/revise capital improvement planning and programming methodology

March 2011

- Conduct required public hearings
- Consider and act in Council
- ➤ Input to FY 12 operating budget

April 2011

- Develop billing process
- > Establish segregation of funds and refine estimates
- Plan for debt conclusion
- ➤ Implement new methodology for 2012-16 CIP